Key Instant Recall facts Year 3 - Spring 1



To count in 4s and know the multiplication and division facts for the 4 times table.

By the end of this half term, children should know the following facts. The aim is for them to recall these facts instantly.

Count in 4s	1 × 4 = 4	4 ÷ 4 = 1	Key vocabulary
4	2 × 4 = 8	8 ÷ 4 = 2	
8	3 × 4 = 12	12 ÷ 4 = 3	What is 4 multiplied by
12	4 × 4 = 16	16 ÷ 4 = 4	6?
16	5 × 4 = 20	20 ÷ 4 = 5	
20	6 × 4 = 24	24 ÷ 4 = 6	What is 8 times 4?
24	7 × 4 = 28	28 ÷ 4 = 7	
28	8 × 4 = 32	32 ÷ 4 = 8	
32	9 × 4 = 36	36 ÷ 4 = 9	What is 24 divided by
	10 × 4 = 40	40 ÷ 4 = 10	4?
36	11 × 4 = 44	44 ÷ 4 = 11	
40	12 × 4 = 48	48 ÷ 4 = 12	
44	Don't forgetif you		
48	know that $5 \times 4 = 20$,	If you know $36 \div 4 = 9$,	
	what does $4 \times 5 = ?$	what does 36 ÷ 9 = ?	

They should be able to answer these questions in any order, including missing number questions, e.g. $4 \times \bigcirc = 16$ or $\bigcirc \div 4 = 7$.

Top Tips

The secret to success is practising little and often. Use time wisely. Can you practise these KIRFs while walking to school or during a car journey? You don't need to practise them all at once: perhaps you could have a fact of the day.

What do you already know? - Your child will already know many of these facts from the 2, 3, 5 and 10 times tables.

Double and double again - Multiplying a number by 4 is the same as doubling and doubling again. Double 6 is 12 and double 12 is 24, so $6 \times 4 = 24$.

Buy one get three free - If your child knows one fact (e.g. $12 \times 4 = 48$), can they tell you the other three facts in the same fact family?